

October 30, 2003

Ms. J. Middlebrooks
Assistant City Attorney
Criminal Law and Police Section
City of Dallas
1400 South Lamar
Dallas, Texas 75215

OR2003-7813

Dear Ms. Middlebrooks:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 190246.

The Dallas Police Department (the "department") received a request for the personnel file of a former employee, including information relating to internal affairs investigations, disciplinary action taken, and daily observation reports filed by field training officers. You claim that some of the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.117, 552.130, and 552.136 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you raise and have reviewed the information you submitted.¹

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from required public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." This exception encompasses the common-law right to privacy. Information must be withheld from the public under section 552.101 in conjunction with common-law privacy when the information is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, such that its release would be highly objectionable to a person of ordinary sensibilities, and (2) of no legitimate public interest. See Industrial Found. v. Texas Ind. Accident Bd., 540 S.W.2d 668,

¹This letter ruling assumes that the submitted representative sample of responsive information is truly representative of the requested information as a whole. This ruling neither reaches nor authorizes the department to withhold any information that is substantially different from the submitted information. See Gov't Code § 552.301(e)(1)(D); Open Records Decision Nos. 499 at 6 (1988), 497 at 4 (1988).

685 (Tex. 1976), cert. denied, 430 U.S. 931 (1977). Common-law privacy protects the specific types of information that the Texas Supreme Court held to be intimate or embarrassing in *Industrial Foundation*. See 540 S.W.2d at 683 (information relating to sexual assault, pregnancy, mental or physical abuse in workplace, illegitimate children, psychiatric treatment of mental disorders, attempted suicide, and injuries to sexual organs). This office has since concluded that other types of information also are private under section 552.101. See generally Open Records Decision Nos. 659 at 4-5 (1999) (summarizing information attorney general has determined to be private).

The common-law right to privacy also encompasses certain types of personal financial information. This office has determined that financial information relating only to an individual ordinarily satisfies the first element of the common-law privacy test, but the public has a legitimate interest in the essential facts about a financial transaction between an individual and a governmental body. See, e.g., Open Records Decision Nos. 600 at 9-12 (1992) (TexFlex benefits), 545 at 3-5 (1990) (deferred compensation plan), 523 at 3-4 (1989) (certain financial information contained in loan files of veterans participating in Veterans Land Board programs), 373 at 3-4 (1983) (certain financial information contained in housing rehabilitation grant application files).

The department contends that portions of the submitted information are protected by the common-law right to privacy. We have marked the types of information that the department must withhold under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy.

The department also raises section 552.117 of the Government Code. Section 552.117(a)(1) excepts from public disclosure the home address and telephone number, social security number, and family member information of a current or former official or employee of a governmental body who requests that this information be kept confidential under section 552.024. Whether a particular item of information is protected by section 552.117(a)(1) must be determined at the time that the request for the information is received by the governmental body. See Open Records Decision No. 530 at 5 (1989). Therefore, the department may only withhold information under section 552.117(a)(1) on behalf of a current or former official or employee who made a request for confidentiality under section 552.024 prior to the date of the department's receipt of the request for information. The department may not withhold information under section 552.117(a)(1) on behalf of a current or former official or employee who did not make a timely election under section 552.024 to keep the official or employee's section 552.117 information confidential. In this instance, the submitted information relates to a former civilian employee of the department. You indicate, and the submitted documents also reflect, that the former employee timely elected confidentiality for her section 552.117 information under section 552.024. Therefore, the department must withhold the kinds of information that we have marked under section 552.117(a)(1).

Section 552.130 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure information that relates to

- (1) a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state; [or]
- (2) a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state[.]

Gov't Code § 552.130(a)(1)-(2). Section 552.130(a)(1) is applicable to information that relates to a Texas driver's license. Section 552.130(a)(2) is applicable to information that relates to a Texas license plate, motor vehicle title, or vehicle identification number. We have marked the types of information that the department must withhold under section 552.130.

Lastly, we address your claim under section 552.136 of the Government Code. This section provides as follows:

- (a) In this section, "access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, personal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identification number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another access device may be used to:
 - (1) obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or
 - (2) initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a governmental body is confidential.

Gov't Code § 552.136. We have marked information relating to a bank account that the department must withhold under section 552.136.

In summary, the department must withhold the information that is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The department also must withhold the information that is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.117(a)(1), 552.130, and 552.136. The rest of the submitted information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. Id. § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. Id. § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. Id. § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. Id. § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

10 10 17

Sincerely,

James W. Morris, III Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

JWM/sdk

Ref: ID# 190246

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Todd Bensman CBS KTVT-11

10111 North Central Expressway

Dallas, Texas 75231 (w/o enclosures)